

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

National Bureau of Standards
Certificate of Analyses

Standard Sample 85B

Aluminum Alloy

(Wrought)

ANALYST	COPPER Electrolytic	MAGNESIUM NaOH-MgP ₂ O ₇	MANGANESE Photometric	IRON Photometric	CHROMIUM Photometric	SILICON	NICKEL Photometric	ZINC ZnS-ZnO	TITANIUM Photometric	LEAD Weighed as PbO ₂	GALLIUM	VANADIUM Photometric
1.....	* 4.00	1.50	b 0.61	c 0.23	a 0.208	e 0.17	f 0.087	0.030	0.023	0.023	* 0.018	0.006
2.....	3.98	1.49	h .61	i .24	j .205	k .18	.091	l .027	.020	.022	m .019	.006
3.....	n 4.00	o 1.50	p .61	{ i .23 e .24}	p .206	q .18	{ r .077 t .078}	{ s .032 t .033}	.022	{ u .020 v .023}	-----	-----
4.....	{ n 3.97 4.03}	u 1.48	h .61	i .23	j .232	e .17	.086	.026	.022	.017	-----	-----
5.....	3.98	1.49	v .61	w .24	x .21	y .17	f .079	s .026	.024	* .016	-----	-----
6.....	3.99	{ u 1.49 1.50}	h .61	w .24	j .21	k .19	f .087	{ l .034 m .036}	.022	.027	k .02	-----
7.....	3.99	u 1.49	b .63	z .24	j .208	a .19	.086	s .030	.022	s .022	-----	-----
Average.....	3.99	1.49	0.61	0.24	0.211	0.18	0.084	0.030	0.022	0.021	0.019	0.006

* Three-gram sample dissolved in sulfuric-nitric-hydrochloric acids. Solution evaporated to fumes of sulfuric acid, diluted and filtered. Silica treated with H₂SO₄-HF and the residual solution combined with the first filtrate. First cathode deposit dissolved and replated.

^b Persulfate oxidation and potentiometric titration with sodium arsenite solution standardized with potassium permanganate.

^c SnCl₂-K₂Cr₂O₇ method.

^d Persulfate oxidation and potentiometric titration with ferrous ammonium sulfate solution standardized with potassium dichromate.

^e Solution in NaOH, double HClO₄ dehydration with intervening filtration.

^f Dimethylglyoxime-gravimetric method.

^g Gallium extracted with ether, precipitated with cupferron and ignited to the oxide. See NBS J. Research 48, 585 (1935) RP833.

^h Periodate method.

ⁱ Ortho-phenanthroline method.

^j Diphenylcarbazide method.

^k Gravimetric method.

^l ZnHg(CNS)₄ method.

^m 8-hydroxyquinoline-photometric method.

ⁿ Iodide-thiosulfate method.

^o Magnesium oxyquinolate precipitation, and titration by the KBr-KBrO₃-Na₂S₂O₈ method.

^p Persulfate oxidation and titration with ferrous sulfate and potassium dichromate with diphenylamine sulfonate as indicator.

^q a Molybdisilicic acid-photometric method.

^r Polarographic method.

^s Dithizone-photometric method.

^t Zinc oxyquinolate precipitation after H₂S separation of copper, and titration by the KBr-KBrO₃-Na₂S₂O₈ method. Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (Versene) titration method.

^v Persulfate-arsenite method.

^w Iron reduced with H₂S and titrated with KMnO₄.

^x Persulfate oxidation and titration with ferrous sulfate-permanganate.

^y Tri-acid decomposition.

^z Bypyridine-photometric method.

List of Analysts

Nonferrous Laboratory, National Bureau of Standards, R. K. Bell in charge. Analysis by E. E. Maczkowske and L. A. Machlan.

2. J. R. Churchill, Aluminum Company of America, New Kensington, Pa.

3. R. B. Beckett, Aluminum Laboratories, Ltd., Arvida, Quebec, Canada.

4. G. B. Wengert and P. F. Reigler, The Dow Chemical Co., Midland, Mich.

5. C. J. Clausen, Jr., Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Corporation, Spokane, Wash.

6. R. L. Vitek and J. W. Mierzwa, Apex Smelting Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

7. K. C. Braun, American Smelting and Refining Co., South Plainfield, N. J.

The aluminum alloy for the preparation of this standard was furnished by the Aluminum Company of America.

P.C. 3/20/56
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 9, 1957. rec'd 6/21

A. V. ASTIN, Director.